Numb. 213.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From December 19. to December 28. 1732.

From the Political State of Great-Britain, for Auguſt 1732.

Repreſentation of the Commiſſioners for Trade.
To the Honourable the Commons of Great-Britain, in Parliament aſſembled.

HIS Majeſty having been pleaſed, upon the Addreſs of this Honourable Houſe (by his Order bearing Date the 9th of June laſt) to direct the Commiſſioners for Trade and Plantations, to prepare a Repreſentation to be laid before this Houſe this Seſſion of Parliament of the State of His Majeſty's Colonies and Plantations in America, with reſpect to any Laws made, Manufactures ſet up, and Trade carried on there, which may affect the Trade, Navigation aud Manufactures of this Kingdom: We humbly repreſent,

That many of the Britiſh Colonies in America are immediately under the Government of the Crown, namely, Nova Scotia, New-Hampſhire, the Jerſies, New-York, Virginia, the two Carolina's, Bermuda, Bahama Iſlands, Jamaica, Barbados, and the Leeward Iſlands; others are veſted in Proprietors, as Pennſylvania, Maryland, and not long ſince the Bahama's and the two Carolina's alſo: There are likewiſe three Charter Governments, the Chief of theſe is the Maſſachuſetts Bay, commonly called New-England; the Conſtitution whereof is of a mixed Nature, where the Power ſeems to be divided between the King and People, but in which the People have much the greater Share; for here the People do not only chuſe the Aſſembly, but the Aſſembly chuſe the Council alſo, and the Governor depends upon the Aſſembly for his annual Support, which has ſo frequently laid the Governour of this Province under Temptations of giving up the Prerogative of the Crown, and the Intereſt of Great-Britain.

In the Maſſachuſetts-Bay alſo, if their Laws are not repealed within three Years after they have been preſented to His Majeſty, they are not repealed by the Crown after that time.

From the conſtant Diſcharge of our Duty herein, it has ſo happened, that upon the moſt diligent Enquiry into all the Acts paſſed in the ſeveral Britiſh Colonies ſince the Acceſſion of his late Majeſty to the Throne, there are none that have come yet to our knowledge, ſtill remaining unrepealed or unexpired, which are liable to Objection, excepting thoſe only in the following Liſt, and even againſt them no Complaint has been made to this Board until very lately, viz.

In Maſſachuſett-Bay.

An Act paſſed in the Year 1728. entitled, An Act for the Encouragement of making Paper.

This Manufacture has hitherto made but a very ſmall Progreſs, and can hardly be ſaid in a ſtrict Senſe to interfere with our own Paper, becauſe almoſt all the Paper ſent to New-England from hence is foreign Manufacture; but it certainly interferes with the Profit made by the Britiſh Merchant upon foreign Paper ſent to this Province; however no Complaints have ever been made to us againſt this Law.

By the Return of our circular Letters from the Governor of New-Hampſhire, we are informed, that an Act paſſed long ſince in that Province for encouraging of Iron-works, by which the Exportation of Iron Oar is prohibited, but upon the moſt diligent Enquiry no ſuch Act is to be found in our Office; and we believe none ſuch was ever tranſmitted to this Board; however, not knowing whether this Act might not have paſſed ſince the late King's Acceſſion, we have inſerted it in this Liſt.

In New-York,

A Law paſſed in the Year 1708, entituled, An Act to repeal ſome Parts of the Act therein mention'd, and for granting ſeveral Duties to his Majeſty for ſupporting his Government in the Colony of New-York, from the laſt of September which will be in the Year 1733, wherein (among other Duties) one was laid of five Ounces of Plate, or forty Shillings in Bills of Credit on every Negro imported from Africa, and a Duty of four Pounds on every Negroe imported from any other Place.

The Plantations in all Times paſt have laid Duties upon the Importation of Negroes, and as the Merchants have naturally increaſed their Price in Proportion to thoſe Duties, ſo it is but lately that Complaints have been made againſt theſe Duties (unleſs they went to Exceſs) but the Board are of Opinion, that it would be more for the Convenience of the Trade, if theſe Duties ſhould for the future be paid by the Purchaſer, than by the Importer; and his Majeſty has, (upon our Repreſentation) been pleaſed to ſend an Inſtruction to that effect to all the Governors in America.

That in the Colonies of New-England, New-York, Connecticut, Rhode-Iſland, Pennſylvania, and in the County of Somerſet in Maryland, the People had fallen into the Manufacture of Woollen and Linen Cloth for the Uſe of their own Families; but we could not learn they had ever manufactured any for ſale in thoſe Colonies, except in a ſmall Indian Town in Pennſylvania, where ſome Palatines had then lately ſettled.

Hague, Sept. 16. All our Advices from Seville agree, that the Court of Spain is making Preparations to go upon a much greater Expedition in the Month of April next, than than that to Africa.

London, September 30. On Tueſday about 4 a clock in the afternoon, Mr. Cartington, one of his Majeſty's Meſſengers, arrived at Kenſington, who brought an Account to the Queen of the Kings Landing at Graveſend between One and Two a clock; and ſoon after two other Meſſengers arrived, who confirmed the ſame; and between 4 and 5 a clock, his Majeſty paſſed through this City in his Coach, in which were the Earl of Scarborough, Maſter of the Horſe, Lord Herbert, and the Lord Shannon, Gold Staff-Officer in Waiting, and about five a clock his Majeſty arrived at Kenſington in good Health.

The ſame Evening, the Right Hon. the Lord Torrington, Lord Harrington, the Lord Delaware, &c. arrived from Holland. And

The ſame Night there were great Rejoicings made through out the City and Suburbs, ſuch as ringing of Bells, Bonfires, Fireworks, &c. on account of his Majeſty's ſafe Arrival.

There

There have not been greater Expreſſions of Joy ſeen in this City for ſeveral Years paſt.

Alderman Barber is choſen Lord Mayor of London for the Year enſuing.

A Commiſſion is now paſſing the Seals, for appointing the Archbiſhop of Canterbury, the Lord Chancellor, the Earl of Wilmington, and ſeveral of the chief of the Nobility, to inſpect the Proceedings. and to enquire into the Fees relating to the Practitioners in the Law.

BOSTON, Decem. 4.

By Capt. Rouſe from Briſtol, who left that Place the 26th of September laſt, and arrived here on the 1ſt Inſtant, we have certain Advice that a few Days before he came away, Capt. Story King (an experienc'd Mariner) Maſter of the Ship Virgin of Briſtol, laden with Sugars, &c.. from Jamaica, met with a violent Storm going up the Briſtol Channel, was unfortunately caſt away, Ship and Cargo entirely loſt, and every Soul drowned. The Maſter's Body was afterwards found, but none beſides of the Ship's Company. Many other Veſſels in the ſame Storm were in great Danger, and received much Damage.

We hear from Narraganſet that a Buck was lately killed there which weigh'd 69 pounds a Quarter, and is reckoned the largeſt Deer that has been killed there for ſome Years paſt.

From the Votes of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

Mercurii die 22 *Novembris*, 1732.

According to the Order of the Day, the Houſe conſidered & debated on ſome Methods for continuing the Exerciſe of our Charter Rights in ſupplying the Treaſury, and after ſome time ſpent therein, came to the following Reſolutions.

Voted, That Mr. Wells, Mr. Cooke, Major Brattle, Col. Savage, Capt. Goddard, Mr. Cuſhing. and Col. Alden, with ſuch as the honourable Board ſhall appoint, be a Committee to project and prepare the Draft of an Addreſs to be preſented to the Honourable Houſe of Commons of Great Britain, in order for this Courts being continued in the Exerciſe of the Charter Rights in ſupplying the Treaſury, and for the Relief of the Province under the preſſing Difficulties occaſioned by His Majeſty's Sixteenth Inſtruction to His Excellency the Governor, reſpecting the iſſuing of Bills of Credit. *Sent up to the Council Board for Concurrence.*

Voted, That a Meſſage be ſent to the honourable Board, to acquaint them that it is the earneſt Deſire of the Houſe, they would immediately paſs on the Vote accompanying their Meſſage, it being a Matter of the greateſt Importance to the Well-being of the Province, and which if delayed may prove of dangerous Conſequence.

Ordered, That Mr. Speaker, Mr. Welles, Mr. Cuſhing, Col. Savage, and Major Brattle, be deſired to prepare a Draft of a Letter to Mr. Agent Wilks to acquaint him of the preſent Situation of the publick Affairs here, and report thereon as ſoon as may be.

The following is a Paragraph of the Aſſembly's Anſwer to the Governor's Speech.

And towards the cloſe of your Speech, that the Houſe may loſe no time in complying with their Duty, your Excellency aſſures the Houſe you will not ſo much as enter into any Argument whether you ſhall break his Majeſty's Royal Order in giving Aſſent to any other Supply of the Treaſury than what his Majeſty has directed to and ſaid is agreeable to the Charter, and what you have always truly and uprightly thought to be ſo: *Your Excellency may be aſſured (what is now offered comes from our Mind and Soul) that as long as this Aſſembly retain any Regard to the great Truſt and Confidence our Electors have put in us, all Efforts will be vain and fruitleſs to perſuade and induce us to forſake their true Intereſt and bring them & their Poſterity under the Weight and Burden of ſuch innumerable and inconceivable Inconveniences as the Houſe firmly believe may ſoon be their Lot & Portion, ſhould the Houſe give into the aforeſaid Inſtruction; ſuch a Conceſſion would be to act againſt the Light of our own Reaſon and Conſcience: And it is the ardent Deſire of this Houſe, That the* Maſſachuſets *Province may ever have of its Sons to repreſent them in all ſucceeding Aſſemblies, who upon all proper Occaſions will never fear to exert themſelves in Defence of their Country's Rights.*

PHILADELPHIA, *Decem.* 28.

Tueſday laſt about Noon, a Fire broke out in Cheſnut Street, which had like to have done much Damage; but by a timely and vigorous Aſſiſtance was extinguiſhed. The Engines did abundance of Service.

Buried in the ſeveral Burying-Grounds of this City in a Week paſt.

Church	4.	Baptiſts		0.
Quakers	2.	Strangers	Whites	2.
Presbyterians	1.		Blacks	4.

Advertiſements.

THE Owner of a Parcel of dreſs'd Calve Skins found lately in the Street, may have Intelligence of them at the New Printing-Office.

To be Sold,

A Tract of extraordinary rich Land, containing one Thouſand Acres, 250 thereof cleared, with a good brick Houſe, Out houſes, Tobacco Houſes, three fine Orchards and other Conveniences, well-watered, ſcituate on Little Creek in Kent County upon Delaware, diſtant from Dover five Miles, from Duck-Creek and Little-Creek Landing about two Miles. To be ſold whole or in Parcels. Any Perſon enclining to purchaſe, may apply to *Latitia Hall*, Widow, or to *Timothy Hanſon* in ſaid County.

Juſt Publiſhed, for 1733:

POOR RICHARD: An ALMANACK containing the Lunations, Eclipſes, Planets Motions and Aſpects, Weather, Sun and Moon's riſing and ſetting, Highwater, *&c.* beſides many pleaſant and witty Verſes, Jeſts and Sayings, Author's Motive of Writing, Prediction of the Death of his Friend Mr. *Titan Leeds*, Moon no Cuckold, Batchelor's Folly, Parſon's Wine and Baker's Pudding, Short Viſits, Kings and Bears, New Faſhions, Game for Kiſſes, Katherine's Love, Different Sentiments, Signs of a Tempeſt, Death a Fiſherman, Conjugal Debate, Men and Melons, *H.* the Prodigal, Breakfaſt in Bed, Oyſter Lawſuit, *&c.* By *RICHARD SAUNDERS*, Philomat. Printed and ſold by *B. Franklin*, Price 3 *s.* 6 *d.* per Dozen. Of whom alſo may be had Sheet Almanacks at 2 *s.* 6 *d.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, at the New Printing-Office near the Market. *Price* 10 *s.* a Year.

Where Advertiſements are taken in, and BOOK-BINDING is done reaſonably, in the beſt Manner.